FACT FORTIFICATION ASSESSMENT COVERAGE TOOLKIT (FACT) TABULATION PLAN TEMPLATE

This document provides a template for a tabulation plan for a FACT survey.

This document presents the dummy tables that should be produced as part of the data analyses for a standard FACT survey. The tables specify the indicators, disaggregations, and statistics that should be reported to answer each objective of the survey. The tables also define the recommended standard layout and format of the tables that should be included in a FACT survey report.

This document should be read in conjunction with the following accompanying tools:

- "FACT Indicator Definitions and Measurement Guidelines";
- "FACT Survey Report Template".

Instructions or notes to the user are in red italics.

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1 Background characteristics

Table 1 Household and demographic characteristics of the survey sample, country, year¹

Variable	National N =	Rural N =	Urban N =	<i>p</i> -value
Household				
Household size, median				
Household dependency ratio, median ²				
Female-headed household, %				
Age of household head (years), mean				
Caregiver		·		·
Age (years), mean				
≥ Five years education, %				
Child		` `		·
Age (months), mean				
Sex female, %				

¹ All values are mean/percentage (95% confidence interval) or median (25th, 75th percentile) as indicated and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection. The mean was used as the measure of central tendency for normally distributed variables. The median was used for non-normally distributed variables.

² Household dependency ratio = number of household members below 15 years of age and above 64 years of age divided by number of household members between 15 and 64 years of age.

2 Indicators of risk associated with inadequate micronutrient intakes

Table 2 Multidimensional Poverty Index and its component indicators, country, year¹

Variable	National N =	Rural N =	Urban N =	p-value
Household at risk of poverty, % ²				
Living standard component				
No electricity, %				
Unimproved sanitation, % ³				
Unsafe drinking water source, % ⁴				
Inadequate flooring, %5				
Inadequate cooking fuel source, % ⁶				
Fewer than two key assets and no car/truck, %7				
Education component				
At least one child (5–14 years old) not currently at- tending school, %				
No member aged 10 years or older has completed five years of schooling, %				
Health and nutrition component				
At least one child born in the last 5 years has died, $\%$				
Caregiver or child in malnourished, % ⁸				

¹All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) and weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

 $^{\rm 2}$ Households with multi-dimensional poverty index score \geq 0.33.

³ The household does not have access to an improved sanitation facility (a flush toilet or latrine, ventilated improved pit, or composting toilet), or the facility is improved but is shared with other households.

⁴ The household does not have access to safe drinking water (piped water, public tap, borehole or pump or tube well, protected well, or protected spring), or safe drinking water is more than a 30-minute round-trip walk from home.

⁵ The household has an earth, sand, or dung floor.

⁶ The household cooks with dung, wood, coal, or charcoal.

⁷ From among the following assets: radio, television, mobile/nonmobile phone, bicycle, motorcycle, refrigerator, and/or car or truck.

⁸ Mid-upper-arm circumference is <230 mm for female caregiver, <115 mm for child under six months, or <125 mm for child six months or older.

[Note to the user: These categories and footnotes must be adapted to the country-specific MPI module.]

Table 3 Demographic health survey wealth index, country, year¹

National N=	Rural N=	Urban N=	<i>p</i> -value			
Distribution of households by wealth quintile						

¹All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) and weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

² Lowest two wealth quintiles.

Table 4 Minimum dietary diversity score for women of reproductive age (MDD-W) and its components, *country, year*¹

Madakia	National	Rural	Urban	
Variable	N=	N=	N=	<i>p</i> -value
Dietary diversity score, ² median				
Did not meet MDD-W, ³ %				
Plant sources of Vitamin A, ⁴ %				
Animal sources of Vitamin A, ⁵ %				
Iron-rich foods, ⁶ %				
Zinc-rich foods, ⁷ %				

¹All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) or median (25th, 75th percentile) as indicated and weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

² Median score based on a score of ten food groups consumed the previous day: 1) grains, white roots and tubers, and plantains; 2) pulses (beans, peas, and lentils); 3) nuts and seeds; 4) dairy; 5) meat, poultry, and fish; 6) eggs; 7) dark green leafy vegetables; 8) other vitamin A-rich fruits and vegetables; 9) other vegetables; and 10) other fruits.

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 3}$ Consumed less than five out of ten food groups the previous day.

⁴ Consumed dark green leafy vegetables or other vitamin-A rich fruits and vegetables the previous day.

⁵ Consumed dairy, organ meats or eggs the previous day.

⁶ Consumed flesh meat, organ meat or fish the previous day.

⁷ Consumed flesh meat or organ meat the previous day.

Table 5 Infant and young child feeding practices and its components, country, year¹

Mastala	National	Rural	Urban					
Variable	N=	N=	N=	<i>p</i> -value				
Household with a child that has poor infant and young child feeding practices, ² %								
Children <6 months	N=	N=	N=					
Exclusively breastfed, %								
Children 6–23 months	N=	N=	N=					
Infant and child feeding index (ICFI) score, median								
ICFI score ³ = 6, %								
Currently breastfed, %								
Dietary diversity component score ⁴ \ge 2, %								
Meal frequency component score ⁵ \ge 2, %								
Children 24–59 months	N=	N=	N=					
ICFI score, median								
ICFI score = 6, %								
Dietary diversity component score = 3, %								
Meal frequency component score \ge 2, %								

¹ All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) or median (25th, 75th percentile) as indicated, and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

² Defined as non-exclusive breastfeeding for children under six months and an ICFI score of <6 for children 6–59 months.

³ ICFI score = 6 is equivalent to good practice based on continued breastfeeding, increased dietary diversity and increased meal frequency based on child's age range.

⁴ Good dietary diversity score based on child's age range (\geq 2 food groups for 6–8 months, \geq 3 food groups for 9–11 months, \geq 4 food groups for 12–23 months, and \geq 5 food groups for 24–59 months).

 5 Good mean frequency score based on child's age range (≥ 2 times for 6–8 months, ≥ 3 times for 9–11 months, and ≥ 4 times for 12–59 months).

Table 6 Household food insecurity, country, year¹

Variable	National	Rural	Urban	
Variable	N =	N =	N =	<i>p</i> -value
Households with moderate or severe household hunger, % ²				

¹ All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) and weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.
² Household hunger score >1.

3 Awareness of food fortification

Table 7 Fortification logo awareness and knowledge among households, country, year¹

Variable	National	Rural	Urban	<i>p</i> -value
Denerged around a the fertification land	N =	N =	N =	
Reported ever seeing the fortification logo				
	N =	N =	N =	
Reported positive attributes of the logo ²				
Reported how logo influences decision to buy:	N =	N =	N =	
Does not influence decision to buy				
Motivates to buy				
Discourages to buy				
Don't know				

¹ All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) except as indicated and weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection. ² Reported that logo means "fortified/enriched/added micronutrients", "good for health", "better quality" or "good for growth and development of children".

[Note to the user: Select one of the following tables depending on whether fortification awareness was assessed based on the logo or generally.]

Table 7 Fortification awareness and knowledge among households, country, year¹

Variable	National	Rural	Urban	p-value
Demonstrad beauting about fourtified founds	N =	N =	N =	
Reported hearing about fortified foods				
	N =	N =	N =	
Reported positive attributes of fortified foods ²				

¹ All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) except as indicated and weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

² Reported that fortification means "fortified/enriched/added micronutrients," "good for health," "better quality," or "good for growth and development of children."

4 Availability of brands by food vehicle

Table 8 Number of available brands by food vehicle and market hub, country, year¹

Ctuata	Market hub	Number of available brands					
Strata	Market hub	Food vehicle 1	Food vehicle 2	Food vehicle 3	Food vehicle 4		
	Market hub 1						
Urban	Market hub 2						
	Market hub 3						
	Market hub 1						
Rural	Market hub 2						
	Market hub 3						
Total number of brands							
Total numbe	r of unique brands¹						

¹ The total number of brands found across all markets hubs does not equal the total number of unique brands because some brands were found across multiple market hubs.

[Note to the user: This table is relevant only if the market assessment component was implemented.]

5 Fortification quality of food vehicles compared to national fortification standards

Table 9 Fortification quality of food vehicles compared with national standards, country, year¹

			Fortification	quality ¹ , N (%)	
Variable	Total brands, N	Not fortified	Fortified below standard	Fortified within standard	Fortified above standard
Food vehicle 1					
Food vehicle 2					
Food vehicle 3					

¹ Fortification quality was defined as follows: nutrient in food vehicle 1: not fortified (X units), fortified below standard (<X units), fortified within standard (X–X units), and fortified above standard (>X units); food vehicle 2... etc.

6 Coverage of food vehicles, fortifiable food vehicles, and fortified food vehicles among households

Table 10 Household coverage of foods, country, year¹

lucitor to a	National	Rural	Urban	
Indicator	N =	N =	N =	<i>p</i> -value
Food vehicle 1				
Household consumes food vehicle 1				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 1				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 1				
Food vehicle 2				
Household consumes food vehicle 2				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 2				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 2				
Food vehicle 3				
Household consumes food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 3				

¹ All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

Table 11 Household coverage of foods by poverty status, country, year¹

Indicator	National	Poor ²	Non-poor	
indicator	N=	N=	N=	<i>p</i> -value
Food vehicle 1				
Household consumes food vehicle 1				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 1				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 1				
Food vehicle 2				
Household consumes food vehicle 2				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 2				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 2				
Food vehicle 3				
Household consumes food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 3				

¹ All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) as indicated and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

 $^{\rm 2}$ Households with a multi-dimensional poverty index score \geq 0.33.

[Note to the user: National column can be deleted if already presented elsewhere.]

Table 12 Household coverage of foods by socioeconomic status, country, year¹

Indicator	National	Poor ²	Nonpoor	
	N=	N=	N=	p-value
Food vehicle 1				
Household consumes food vehicle 1				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 1				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 1				
Food vehicle 2	·			
Household consumes food vehicle 2				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 2				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 2				
Food vehicle 3				
Household consumes food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 3				

¹All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) as indicated and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

 $^{\rm 2}$ Households with DHS wealth index in the lowest two quintiles.

[Note to the user: National column can be deleted if already presented elsewhere.]

Table 13 Household coverage of foods by women's dietary diversity, country, year¹

Indicator	National	Low dietary diversity²	Minimum dietary diversity	<i>p</i> -value
	N =	N =	N =	
Food vehicle 1				
Household consumes food vehicle 1				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 1				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 1				
Food vehicle 2				
Household consumes food vehicle 2				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 2				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 2				
Food vehicle 3			• •	
Household consumes food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 3				

¹ All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

 $^{\rm 2}$ Households containing a woman of reproductive age whose dietary diversity score the previous day was <5 out of 10.

[Note to the user: National column can be deleted if already presented elsewhere.]

Table 14 Household coverage of foods by infant and young child feeding (IYCF) practices,country, year¹

Indicator	National	Poor IYCF practices ²	Good IYCF practices	<i>p</i> -value
	N =	N =	N =	
Food vehicle 1				
Household consumes food vehicle 1				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 1				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 1				
Food vehicle 2				
Household consumes food vehicle 2				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 2				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 2				
Food vehicle 3				
Household consumes food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 3				

¹ All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection. ² Households containing a child whose infant and child feeding index score is <6.

[Note to the user: National column can be deleted if already presented elsewhere.]

Table 15 Household coverage of foods by household food insecurity, country, year¹

Indicator	National	Food inse- cure ²	Food secure	p-value
	N=	N=	N=	
Food vehicle 1				
Household consumes food vehicle 1				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 1				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 1				
Food vehicle 2				
Household consumes food vehicle 2				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 2				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 2				
Food vehicle 3				
Household consumes food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortifiable food vehicle 3				
Household consumes fortified food vehicle 3				

¹All values are percentage (95% confidence interval) as indicated and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection. ²Households with a household hunger score >1.

[Note to the user: National column can be deleted if already presented elsewhere.]

7 Consumption of fortifiable food vehicles among target populations

Table 16 Daily consumption of fortifiable foods by population group, country, year¹

Variable	National	Rural	Urban	n
Variable	N=	N=	N=	<i>p</i> -value
Fortifiable food vehicle 1, (unit)				
Children				
6-8 months				
9-11 months				
12-23 months				
24-59 months				
Women of reproductive age				
15-49 years				
Fortifiable food vehicle 2, (unit)				
Children				
6-8 months				
9-11 months				
12-23 months				
24-59 months				
Women of reproductive age				
15-49 years				

¹ All values are median (25th, 75th percentile) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

[Note to the user: Child age groups may be combined if fewer disaggregations are used in the data analyses. It is advised not to test for the difference between groups if the population size in sub-groups is small (roughly <30)]

Table 17 Daily consumption of fortifiable foods by population group and poverty status,country, year¹

Variable	National	Poor ²	Non-poor	<i>p</i> -value
	N=	N=	N=	
Fortifiable food vehicle 1, (unit)				
Children				
6-8 months				
9-11 months				
12-23 months				
24-59 months				
Women of reproductive age				
15-49 years				
Fortifiable food vehicle 2, (unit)				
Children				
6-8 months				
9-11 months				
12-23 months				
24-59 months				
Women of reproductive age				
15-49 years				

¹ All values are median (25th, 75th percentile) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

 $^{\rm 2}$ Households with a multi-dimensional poverty index score \geq 0.33.

[Note to the user: Child age groups may be combined if fewer disaggregations are used in the data analyses. It is advised not to test for the difference between groups if the population size in sub-groups is small (roughly <30) National column can be deleted if already presented elsewhere.]

Table 18 Daily consumption of fortifiable foods by population group and by socioeconomic status, country, year¹

Variable	National	Low socioeconomic status ²	High socioeconomic status	<i>p</i> -value
	N=	N=	N=	
Fortifiable food vehicle 1, (unit)				
Children				
6-8 months				
9-11 months				
12-23 months				
24-59 months				
Women of reproductive age			·	
15-49 years				
Fortifiable food vehicle 2, (unit)				
Children				
6-8 months				
9-11 months				
12-23 months				
24-59 months				
Women of reproductive age]	
15-49 years				
¹ All values are median (25th, 75th percentile) and are weighted to	correct for unequal probabili	ty of selection.	1	

¹ All values are median (25th, 75th percentile) and are weighted to correct for uner ² Households with DHS wealth index in the lowest two quintiles.

[Note to the user: Child age groups may be combined if fewer disaggregations are used in the data analyses. It is advised not to test for the difference between groups if the population size in sub-groups is small (roughly <30)

Table 19 Daily consumption of fortifiable foods by population group and women's dietary diversity, country, year¹

Variable	National	Low dietary diver- sity²	Minimum dietary diversity	<i>p</i> -value
	N=	N=	N=	
Fortifiable food vehicle 1, (unit)				
Children				
6-8 months				
9-11 months				
12-23 months				
24-59 months				
Women of reproductive age			·	
15-49 years				
Fortifiable food vehicle 2, (unit)			·	
Children				
6-8 months				
9-11 months				
12-23 months				
24-59 months				
Women of reproductive age				
15-49 years				

¹ All values are mean (95% confidence interval) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.
 ² Households containing a woman of reproductive age whose dietary diversity score the previous day was < 5 out of 10.

[Note to the user: Child age groups may be combined if fewer disaggregations are used in the data analyses. It is advised not to test for the difference between groups if the population size in sub-groups is small (roughly <30) National column can be deleted if already presented elsewhere.]

Table 20 Daily consumption of fortifiable foods by population group and infant and childfeeding (IYCF) practices, country, year¹

National	Poor IYCF practices ²	Good IYCF practices	<i>p</i> -value			
N=	N=	N=				
Women of reproductive age						
	N=	practices ²	N= N= N= N= N= N=			

¹ All values are mean (95% confidence interval) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

 2 Households containing a child whose infant and child feeding index score is < 6.

[Note to the user: Child age groups may be combined if fewer disaggregations are used in the data analyses. It is advised not to test for the difference between groups if the population size in sub-groups is small (roughly <30) National column can be deleted if already presented elsewhere.]

Table 21 Daily consumption of fortifiable foods by population group and household foodinsecurity, country, year¹

Variable	National	Food insecure ²	Food secure	
Variable	N=	N=	N=	<i>p</i> -value
Fortifiable food vehicle 1, (unit)				
Children				
6-8 months				
9-11 months				
12-23 months				
24-59 months				
Women of reproductive age				
15-49 years				
Fortifiable food vehicle 2, (unit)				
Children				
6-8 months				
9-11 months				
12-23 months				
24-59 months				
Women of reproductive age				
15-49 years				

¹ All values are mean (95% confidence interval) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

 $^{\rm 2}$ Households with a household hunger score >1.

[Note to the user: Child age groups may be combined if fewer disaggregations are used in the data analyses. It is advised not to test for the difference between groups if the population size in sub-groups is small (roughly <30)] 8 Contribution of fortified food vehicles to the intake of select nutrients in the diet among target populations

Table 22 Actual and modelled nutrient contribution from consumption of fortified foods as a percentage of estimated average requirements (EAR) by population group, *country, year*¹

	National		Rural		Ur	ban		
Indicator	N=	Esti- mate	N=	Esti- mate	N=	Esti- mate	<i>p</i> -value	
Nutrient 1								
Children (6-11 months)								
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (12-23 months)		_						
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (23-59 months)								
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Women of reproductive age (15-49 years)			1				-	
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Nutrient 2			1		1		-	
Children (6-11 months)								
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (12-23 months)								
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (23-59 months)								
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Women of reproductive age (15-49 years)								
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								

1 All values are median (25th, 75th percentile) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

[Note to the user: Revise table accordingly if recommended dietary allowance (RDA) or recommended nutrient intake (RNI) is used instead of EAR]

Table 23 Actual and modelled nutrient contribution from consumption of fortified foods as a percentage of estimated average requirements (EAR) by population group and poverty status, *country, year*¹

National		Poor ²		Non-poor			
N=	Esti- mate	N=	Esti- mate	N=	Esti- mate	<i>p</i> -value	
					1		
		N= Esti-	N= Esti- N=	N= Esti- N= Esti-	N= Esti- N= Esti- N=	N= Esti- N= Esti- N= Esti-	

¹ All values are median (25th, 75th percentile) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection. ² Households with a multi-dimensional poverty index score \geq 0.33.

[Note to the user: Revise table accordingly if recommended dietary allowance (RDA) or recommended nutrient intake (RNI) is used instead of EAR.

Table 24 Actual and modelled nutrient contribution from consumption of fortified foods as a percentage of estimated average requirements (EAR) by population group and socioeconomic status, country, year¹

	Nat	ional	Low socioeco nomic status					
Indicator	N=	Esti- mate	N=	Esti- mate	N=	Esti- mate	<i>p</i> -value	
Nutrient 1								
Children (6-11 months)								
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (12-23 months)				1		1	1	
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from forti- fied [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (23-59 months)		-					1	
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Women of reproductive age (15-49 years)				1	1	1	1	
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Nutrient 2					1			
Children (6-11 months)								
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (12-23 months)				-			1	
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (23-59 months)				-			1	
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Women of reproductive age (15-49 years)								
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								

¹All values are median (25th, 75th percentile) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection. ² Households with demographic health survey wealth index in the lowest two quintiles.

[Note to the user: Revise table accordingly if recommended dietary allowance (RDA) or recommended nutrient intake (RNI) is used instead of EAR.

Table 25 Actual and modelled nutrient contribution from consumption of fortified foods as a percentage of estimated average requirements (EAR) by population group and women's dietary diversity, *country, year*¹

	Nati			lietary rsity²	Minimum dietary diversity			
Indicator	N=	Esti- mate	N=	Esti- mate	N=	Esti- mate	p-value	
Nutrient 1							1	
Children (6-11 months)								
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from forti- fied [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (12-23 months)	1					1		
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from forti- fied [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (23-59 months)	1						1	
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from forti- fied [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Women of reproductive age (15-49 years)	1	1	I	1	1	1	1	
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from forti- fied [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Nutrient 2	1						1	
Children (6-11 months)								
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from forti- fied [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (12-23 months)	1						1	
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from forti- fied [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (23-59 months)	1					1		
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from forti- fied [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Women of reproductive age (15-49 years)								
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from forti- fied [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								

¹ All values are median (25th, 75th percentile) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection. ² Households containing a woman of reproductive age whose dietary diversity score the previous day was < 5 out of 10.

[Note to the user: Revise table accordingly if recommended dietary allowance (RDA) or recommended nutrient intake (RNI) is used instead of EAR.

Table 26 Actual and modelled nutrient contribution from consumption of fortified foods as a percentage of estimated average requirements (EAR) by population group and infant and child feeding (IYCF) practices, *country, year*¹

	Nati	onal	Poor IYCF prac- tices ²		Good IYCF prac- tices		
Indicator	N=	Esti- mate	N=	Esti- mate	N=	Esti- mate	<i>p</i> -value
Nutrient 1							
Children (6-11 months)							
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR							
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR							
Children (12-23 months)							
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR							
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR							
Children (23-59 months)							
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR							
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR							
Women of reproductive age (15-49 years)					`		
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR							
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR							
Nutrient 2							
Children (6-11 months)							
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR							
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR							
Children (12-23 months)			1				
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)]							
Modeled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)]							
Children (24–59 months)					1	1	
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)]							
Modeled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)]							
Women of reproductive age (15–49 years)		1					
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)]							
Modeled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)]							

¹ All values are median (25th, 75th percentile) except as indicated and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection. EAR, estimated average requirement. ² Households containing a woman of reproductive age whose dietary diversity score the previous day was <5 out of 10.

[Note to the user: Revise table accordingly if recommended nutrient intake (RNI) or recommended dietary allowance (RDA) is used instead of estimated average requirement (EAR). National column can be deleted if already presented elsewhere.]

Table 27 Actual and modelled nutrient contribution from consumption of fortified foods as a percentage of estimated average requirements (EAR) by population group and household food insecurity, *country, year*¹

	Nati	onal	Food insecure ²		Food secure			
Indicator	N=	Esti- mate	N=	Esti- mate	N=	Esti- mate	<i>p</i> -value	
Nutrient 1								
Children (6-11 months)								
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (12-23 months)								
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (23-59 months)								
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Women of reproductive age (15-49 years)			1					
Actual [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 1] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Nutrient 2								
Children (6-11 months)								
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (12-23 months)								
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Children (23-59 months)								
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from forti- fied [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Women of reproductive age (15-49 years)								
Actual [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								
Modelled [nutrient 2] contribution from fortified [food vehicle(s)] as a % of EAR								

¹ All values are median (25th, 75th percentile) and are weighted to correct for unequal probability of selection.

 $^{\rm 2}$ Households with a household hunger score >1.

[Note to the user: Revise table accordingly if recommended dietary allowance (RDA) or recommended nutrient intake (RNI) is used instead of EAR.